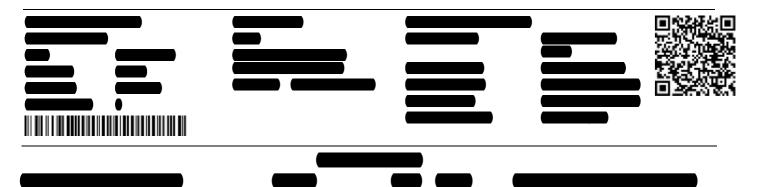








LABORATORY REPORT



Complete Blood Counts

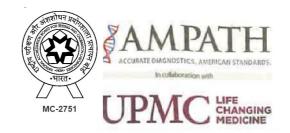
(Automated Hematology Analyzer & Microscopy)

Total Leukocy	te Count	5.0		10³/µl	4.0 - 11.0
RBC Count		4.7		10^6/µL	4.5 - 5.5
Hemoglobin		13.7		g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
Hematocrit		41.9		%	40 - 50
MCV(Mean Co	orpuscular Volume)	89.1		fL	83 - 101
MCH(Mean Co	orpuscular Hemoglobin)	29.3		pg	27 - 32
MCHC(Mean Concentration	Corpuscular Hemoglobin)	32.8		g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
RDW		14.3	Н	%	11.6 - 14
Platelet Count		296		10³/µl	150 - 410
MPV		9.8		fL	7.5 - 11.5
Differential C	ounts % (VCSN)				
Neutrophils		60.0		%	40-80%
Lymphocytes		32.0		%	20-40%
Monocytes		5. <mark>0</mark>		%	2-10%
Eosinophils		3.0		%	1-6%
Basophils		0.0		%	0-1%
Differential C	ounts, Absolute				
Absolute Neut	rophil Count	3.00		10³/µl	2.0-7.0
Absolute Lym	phocyte Count	1.60		10³/µl	1.0-3.0
Absolute Mond	ocyte Count	0.25		10³/µl	0.2 - 1.0
Absolute Eosi	nophil Count (AEC)	0.15		10³/µI	0.02-0.5
Absolute Baso	phil Count	0.10		10³/µl	0.02 - 0.1



This is an electronically authenticated laboratory report.

Central Reference Laboratory, Door No. 1-100/1/CCH Nallagandla Serilingampally Hyderabad – 500019 040 6719 9977,www.ampath.com



LABORATORY REPORT

PATIENT INFORMATION

OP/IP/DG#

REFERRED BY

SAMPLE TYPE

SPECIMEN INFORMATION

REPORT STATUS

: Fluoride Plasma

: Final Report

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name (Methodology) Result Flag Units **Biological Reference Interval**

Basic Health Check

Glucose - Fasting

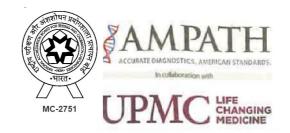
Glucose - Fasting (Hexokinase)

91.0

mg/dL

Normal: 74-100 Pre-diabetic: 100-125 Diabetic: >=126

Central Reference Laboratory, Door No. 1-100/1/CCH Nallagandla Serilingampally Hyderabad – 500019 040 6719 9977,www.ampath.com



LABORATORY REPORT

PATIENT INFORMATION **REFERRED BY SPECIMEN INFORMATION SAMPLE TYPE** : Serum OP/IP/DG# **REPORT STATUS** : Final Report **BIOCHEMISTRY Test Name (Methodology)** Result **Units Biological Reference Interval** Flag **Basic Health Check Cholesterol Total - Serum** 218.5 <200 No risk 200-239 Moderate risk Cholesterol Total - Serum Н mg/dL (Enzymatic colorimetric) >240 High risk **Triglycerides Triglycerides** 90.3 mg/dL Normal: <150 Borderline-high: 150-199 High risk 200-499 Very high (Enzymatic colorimetry) risk >500 **Cholesterol - HDL (Direct)** Cholesterol - HDL (Direct) 39.7 mg/dL <40 High Risk; >60 No Risk (Enzymatic colorimetric) **Cholesterol - LDL** Cholesterol - LDL (Direct) 199.6 mg/dL Optimum:<100 Above optimum: <130; Moderate risk:130-159; High (Enzymatic colorimetric) risk:>160 **VLDL (Very Low Density Lipoprotein)** VLDL (Very Low Density Lipoprotein) 18.1 mg/dL <30 (Calculation) Cholestrol/HDL Ratio Cho/HDL Ratio 5.50 Normal:<4.0 Low risk:4.0-6.0 Hisk (Enzymatic colorimetric & Calculation) risk:>6.0 Bilirubin (Total, Direct and Indirect) Bilirubin Total 0.30 mg/dL <1.1 (Diazo method) Bilirubin Conjugated 0.15 mg/dL <=0.2 (Diazo method) Bilirubin Unconjugated, Indirect 0.15 mg/dL <1.0 (Calculation) Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) 18 U/L <37 (IFCC kinetic)

U/L

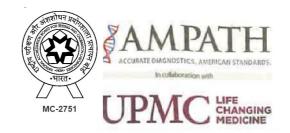
<41

Page 3 of 5

This is an electronically authenticated laboratory report.

Alanine aminotransferase - (ALT / SGPT)
Alanine aminotransferase - (ALT / SGPT)

Central Reference Laboratory, Door No. 1-100/1/CCH Nallagandla Serilingampally Hyderabad – 500019 040 6719 9977,www.ampath.com



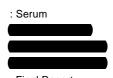
LABORATORY REPORT

PATIENT INFORMATION

OP/IP/DG#:

REFERRED BY

SPECIMEN INFORMATION
SAMPLE TYPE

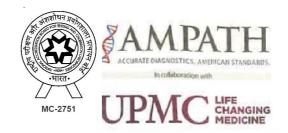




•	-inc	שומ	an	\cap rt
	Fina	רו וג	cμ	υıι

	BIOC	HEMISTRY			
Test Name (Methodology)	Result	Flag	Units	Biological Referen	ce Interval
Basic Health Check					
(Kinetic IFCC)					
Alkaline Phosphatase - ALP					
Alkaline Phosphatase - ALP (IFCC kinetic)	95.0		U/L	<129	
Gamma Glutamyl Transferase (GGT)					
Gamma Glutamyl Transferase (GGT) (Enzymatic colorimetric assay)	10.0		U/L	< 71	
Protein Total, Serum					
Protein Total, Serum (Biuret Method)	6.6		g/dL	6.4-8.3	
Albumin - Serum					
Albumin - Serum (Bromocresol green)	4.4		g/dL	3.5 - 5.2	
Globulin					
Globulin (Calculation)	2.2	Ľ	g/dL	2.3-3.5	
A/G (Albumin/Globulin) Ratio					
A/G (Albumin/Globulin) Ratio (Calculation)	2.0			0.8-2.0	
Uric acid					
Uric acid (Uricase)	6.4		mg/dL	3.4-7	
BUN/Creatinine Ratio					
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Calculation)	9.81		mg/dL	8.4-26	
Creatinine (Modified Jaffe Kinetic)	1.01		mg/dL	0.7-1.4	
BUN/Creatinine Ratio (Calculation)	9.71			10:1 to 20:1	
Calcium - Serum					
Calcium - Serum (NM-BAPTA)	9.20		mg/dL	8.8 - 10.2	
This	is an electronically au	thenticated labora	tory report.		Page

Central Reference Laboratory, Door No. 1-100/1/CCH Nallagandla Serilingampally Hyderabad - 500019 040 6719 9977, www.ampath.com



LABORATORY REPORT

PATIENT INFORMATION



REFERRED BY

SPECIMEN INFORMATION SAMPLE TYPE REPORT STATUS

: Serum : Final Report



BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name (Methodology) Result **Biological Reference Interval** Flag Units

Basic Health Check

TSH, Thyroid Stimulating Hormone

2.070

µIU/mL

0.27 - 4.21

(ECLIA)

Interpretation:

The following potential sources of variation should be considered while interpreting thyroid hormone results:

- 1. Circadian variation in TSH secretion: peak levels are seen between 2-4 am. Minimum levels seen between 6-10 am. This variation may be as much as 50% thus, influence of sampling time needs to be considered for clinical interpretation.
- 2. Total T3 and T4 levels are seen to have physiological rise during pregnancy and in patients on steroid treatment
- 3. Circulating forms of T3 and T4 are mostly reversibly bound with Thyroxine binding globulins (TBG), and to a lesser extent with albumin and Thyroid binding Pre-Albumin. Thus the conditions in which TBG and protein levels alter such as chronic liver disorders, pregnancy, excess of estrogens, androgens, anabolic steroids and glucocorticoids may cause misleading total T3, total T4 and TSH interpretations.
- 4. T4 may be normal in the presence of hyperthyroidism under the following conditions: T3 thyrotoxicosis, Hypoproteinemia related reduced binding, in presence of drugs (eg Phenytoin, Salicylates etc)
- 5. Neonates and infants have higher levels of T4 due to increased concentration of TBG
- 6. TSH levels may be normal in central hypothyroidism, recent rapid correction of hypothyroidism or hyperthyroidism, pregnancy, phenytoin
- 7. TSH values of <0.03 uIU/mL must be clinically correlated to evaluate the presence of a rare TSH variant in certain individuals which is undetected by conventional methods.
- 8. Presence of Autoimmune disorders may lead to spurious results of thyroid hormones
- 9. Various drugs can lead to interference in test results

It is recommended to evaluate unbound fractions, that is free T3 (fT3) and free T4 (fT4) for clinic-pathologic correlation, as these are the metabolically active forms.

---- End Of Report ----

Sanjute Dr.Sanjeeta

Consultant- Biochemist

This is an electronically authenticated laboratory report.